PIDs4SOM
Persistence of Scholarly Content on the Social Web

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Background

- increasing importance of research blogs for scientific discourses
- problem: no persistent identifiers for scholarly blog posts


[in: Della Rossa, F. et al. (2013): Profiling core-periphery network structure by random walkers, Scientific Reports 3 (1467), doi:10.1038/srep01467]


Goals

- making scholarly content on the social web available as persistent, citable objects
- increasing the acceptance of scientific discourses taking place on the social web
- contributing to methods for indexing scientific content on the social web
General Architecture